

39.0 Pharmacy Unit

39.1 Introduction

39.1.1 Description

The purpose of the Pharmacy Unit is to provide all inpatient and outpatient pharmacy services including dispensing, preparation of non-sterile and sterile commodities as required, conducting clinical trials as needed, reporting on adverse drug reactions and the provision of drug information and education.

The size and type of service to be provided in the Pharmacy Unit will depend upon the type of drug distribution system used, number of patients to be served, and extent of shared or purchased services. This shall be described in the Operational Policy of the Unit.

Facilities (including satellite, if applicable) and equipment shall be as necessary to accommodate the requirements of the Operational Policy. If unit dose procedure is used, provide additional space and equipment for supplies, packaging, labelling, and storage, as well as for the carts.

Relevant local authority statutory requirements are to be complied with.

39.2 Planning

39.2.1 Operational Models

A Pharmacy may extend its service from a single health care facility to outlying facilities. Specific design requirements for packing, storage and dispatch of goods shall be considered for different operational models.

Unit Dose Systems

The unit dosage system involves packaging of each dose of each medication for patients in a blister pack to provide easy and uniform medication dispensing. For a unit dosage system, the Pharmacy must include additional space and equipment for supplies, packaging, labelling and storage.

Private Pharmacy

If a private Pharmacy is also to be provided within the hospital's retail area, the hospital's operational policy shall determine the type of prescription drugs to be supplied by the private Pharmacy. It shall also study the impact it has on the main Pharmacy in relation to outpatient dispensing.

39.2.2 Planning Models

Dedicated Outpatient Pharmacy

In facilities where the main Pharmacy cannot be located in a position readily accessible to outpatients' areas due to site constraints, then a separate Outpatient Pharmacy may be provided. This arrangement may result in duplication of services, equipment and support facilities.

Satellite Pharmacy Facilities

Satellite Pharmacy Units refer to a series of rooms/suites in a hospital that is remotely positioned from the main Pharmacy and yet managed by the staff of the main Pharmacy. This may include for example, a dedicated Cytotoxic Unit within a Cancer Day Care Unit or an After-

This may include for example, a dedicated Cytotoxic Unit within a Cancer Day Care Unit or an Afterhours Drug store.



Unit-Based Pharmacy

This refers to medication areas located within an Inpatient Unit and may include automated dispensing. Unit based facilities may be located within the Clean Utility or dedicated Medication Rooms in Inpatient Units. Facilities will include secured drug storage, refrigerated drug storage, space for medication trolleys and computer access for pharmacy personnel.

39.2.3 Functional Areas

The functional areas of a Pharmacy Unit may be sub-divided into two types – 'restricted' and 'accessible' as follows:

Restricted Areas

- Dispensing Areas which may include separate areas for inpatients and ambulatory patients (outpatients)
- Preparation and manufacturing areas of non-sterile goods
- Active store for imprest stock storage, including assembly and dispatch areas with space allocated for trolley parking
- Bulk stores including unpacking area
- Secured stores for accountable drugs, refrigerated stores and flammable goods storage
- Dispatch area for deliveries to inpatient units
- Drug information areas
- Staff areas including Offices, Workstations, Meeting Rooms, Staff Room, Change and Toilets.

Accessible Areas

- Reception and Waiting areas for outpatients; it is possible to share waiting areas with an adjoining unit
- Patient counselling and consult areas
- After-hours drug store for access only by authorized personnel and direct entry from outside the main Pharmacy Unit if located within; this room can also be located within a 24-hour zone of the hospital.

Optional Areas

- Depending on the Role Delineation and Operational Policy, the Pharmacy may also include:
- Sterile Manufacturing, which may include sterile and cytotoxic manufacturing suites, along with support facilities including Anterooms, Change Rooms and Storage
- Facilities for clinical trials, which may include dispensing areas, secured storage and records area and workstations
- Extemporaneous manufacturing area which requires extra space for compounding products.

Sterile Preparation Areas

Sterile preparation area refers to either Cleanroom facilities housing clean workstations fitted with laminar cabinets or other types of pharmaceutical isolators to meet relevant standard. This includes cytotoxic suites.

Manufacturing Areas

The following minimum elements shall be included if manufacturing is performed onsite:

- Bulk compounding area
- Provision of packaging and labelling area
- Quality control area.

Automated Dispensing Stations

An automated Dispensing Station may be provided on an Inpatient or Critical Care Unit to dispense prescriptions for patients in that Unit. The Dispensing Station remains under the control of the Pharmacy Unit.



An automated Dispensing Station should be equipped with:

- Automated Dispensing units and refrigerated dispensing units as required; installation according to manufacturer's specifications
- Shelving for reference texts
- Lighting level adequate for drug preparation areas
- Hand-washing facilities in close proximity
- Bench for drug preparation adjacent to dispensing units.

Satellite Pharmacy

A Pharmacy Unit Satellite is a room or unit in a hospital that is located remote from the Pharmacy Unit.

A Satellite Pharmacy requires:

- Bench and sink of stainless steel or other impervious material, supplied with hot and cold water
- Dispensing bench of stainless steel or impervious material; sized according to requirement for dispensing, labelling and packaging
- Computer workstations according to number of Pharmacists in the Satellite unit
- An area for counselling of clients about dispensed or other medicines so that privacy can be assured
- Adequate lighting and ventilation for drug preparation and dispensing
- Air temperature and humidity control suitable to the storage of drugs and medicines
- Handwashing basin and fittings.

The Satellite Pharmacy must be:

- Constructed to prevent unauthorized access by persons other than staff through doors, windows, walls and ceilings
- Fitted with a security intrusion detector alarm that is control room monitored to a central agency on a 24-hour basis.

Storage

The following minimum elements, in the form of cabinets, shelves, and/or separate rooms or closets, shall be included as required:

- Bulk storage
- Active storage
- Refrigerated storage
- Volatile fluids and alcohol storage with construction as required by the relevant regulations for substances involved
- Secure storage for narcotics and controlled drugs
- Storage for general supplies and equipment not in use.
- Storage for prescriptions and any documents required by relevant legislation.

39.2.4 Functional Relationships

External

The Pharmacy Unit shall be located for convenient access, staff control, and security. Direct access to loading dock and bulk storage is required if not located within the main Pharmacy Unit.

Internal

- Access points provided for the following personnel/purpose shall be carefully considered:
- Visitors to the Unit
- Pharmacy Staff
- Non-Pharmacy staff to collect prescriptions and medications
- Delivery and prescription collection for outpatients
- Supplies delivery.



An interview room for outpatients when provided shall have dual access – separate entries from public area and staff area. Access shall be controlled from inside of the Pharmacy.

Corridors and door openings shall provide sufficient clearance for large items and equipment from bulk stores.

39.3 Design

39.3.1 General

Design may include provisions for barcode technology for patient prescription identification and tracking as well as electronic prescribing, which will require computer and scanning equipment including additional power and data outlets.

39.3.2 Environmental Considerations

Natural Light

Natural light is highly desirable within the Unit as well as windows permitting outside views. However, such provisions shall not compromise the security of the Unit. Unauthorized entry and maintaining privacy of the operations of the Unit are the primary concerns in the design of the Unit. Windows shall not permit casual viewing from any adjacent public thoroughfare.

Privacy

Privacy shall be considered in patient consultation areas.

Acoustics

Patient interview and counselling rooms will require acoustic treatment.

39.3.3 Space Standards and Components

Ergonomics

Storage systems selected within the Unit shall be accessible to all types of staff.

Refer also to Part C of these Guidelines.

39.3.4 Safety and Security

Pharmacy Units and Pharmacies are required to be constructed so as to be as secure as practicable from unauthorized access through doors, windows, walls and ceilings, and to be fitted with a security intrusion detector alarm which is control room monitored to a central agency on a 24-hour basis.

Security measures for consideration will include:

- Electronic door controls
- Movement sensors
- Duress alarms to Dispensing counters
- Security glazing or shutters to Dispensing counters
- CCTV monitoring for remote monitoring.

Accountable Drugs Stores/Safe shall not be placed in a room positioned on the perimeter of the premises or adjoining a staircase.



39.3.5 Finishes

Wall protection shall be installed to prevent damage to walls caused by all types of trolleys.

Refer also to Part C of these Guidelines.

39.3.6 Fixtures and Fittings

Refer to Part C of these Guidelines and Standard Components for requirements related to fixtures and fittings.

39.3.7 Building Service Requirements

Refer to Part E of these Guidelines.

HVAC

All drug storage areas shall have temperature and humidity controls; internal room temperature shall be kept below 25°C.

39.3.8 Infection Control

Hand-washing facilities shall be provided within each separate room where open medication is handled. Sterile Suites must have scrub facilities.

Refer also to Part D of these Guidelines.

39.4 Components of the Unit

39.4.1 General

The Pharmacy Unit will contain a combination of Standard Components and Non-Standard Components. Provide Standard Components to comply with details in the Standard Components described in these Guidelines. Refer also to Standard Components Room Data Sheets and Room Layout Sheets.

39.4.2 Non-Standard Components

Clinical Trials Dispensing

Description and Function

The Clinical Trials Dispensing area will include storage, dispensing, packaging, labelling and records holding for clinical trials drugs. The Clinical Trials facilities will be a separate area within the main Pharmacy.

Location and Relationships

Clinical Trials storage, preparation and dispensing will be located in a separate area within the Pharmacy, and will have ready access to patient Interview and Consultation rooms.



Considerations

Clinical Trials drugs/medications area will require the following considerations:

- Workspace with computer for Pharmacist
- Preparation bench and sink
- Lockable storage for clinical trials drugs, separate from other Pharmacy supplies
- Lockable records storage
- Staff handwashing basin should be located in close proximity.

Aseptic Room (Sterile Manufacturing/Cytotoxic Room)

Description and Function

The Aseptic Room and the Cytotoxic Room are Clean Rooms for manufacturing of medications in a sterile environment. The room will contain laminar flow cabinets and or isolators for sterile manufacturing. The room will be positive pressure and be accessed via an Anteroom.

An external outlook is desirable.

Location and Relationships

Depending on the location of the Pharmacy Unit, the Aseptic Room/Cytotoxic Room will be ideally located on the perimeter of the facility with an external outlook. Access via an Anteroom is required.

Considerations

The following features shall be considered while designing sterile manufacturing facility:

- Electronic door management system to prevent the opening of both doors in the Anteroom at the same time.
- Handwashing facilities shall be provided immediate outside the Aseptic (Clean) Rooms in adjoining Anteroom; hand basins are not to be located within the Aseptic (Clean) Rooms.
- Provide an intercom system shall be provided between Aseptic (Clean) Rooms and Anteroom
- High-resolution CCTV cameras for remote monitoring
- Comply with room requirements in relevant international Clean Room standards for sterile and cytotoxic manufacturing.

Store – Refrigeration

Description and Function

This can be a room/bay which consist of multiple refrigerators for storing specific medications. Alternatively, a commercial grade cool room can also be used.

Location and Relationships

This shall be located in proximity to assembly/preparation area and other storage area within the Unit.

Considerations

Refrigerated storage areas in the Pharmacy will require the following considerations:

- All access doors (either to room or refrigerators) shall be lockable
- Temperature monitoring system installed and connect to a centralized alarm/warning system



39.5 Schedule of Accommodation

Typical Pharmacy Unit at levels 3 to 6

ROOM/ SPACE	Standard Component	Level 3 Qty x m ²		Level 4 Qty x m ²			Level 5/6 Qty x m ²			Remarks	
Entry/ Reception			-								
Pharmacy Counter	PHA-CO-SJ	1	х	9	1	х	9	1	х	20	with dedicated staff entry
Waiting	WAIT-10-SJ Similar	2	x	10	2	x	10	2	x	20	Separate Female Waiting
Interview/ Meeting Room	MEET-9-SJ	1	x	9	1	x	9	2	x	9	Interview/ counselling; Dual access from Waiting & Pharmacy.
Operational Areas											
After Hours Drug Store	AHDR-SJ Similar				1	х	4	1	х	10	May be remote or at the Pharmacy perimeter with inside/outside access.
Assembly / Dispensing	ASPR-20-SJ Similar	1	x	25	1	x	50	1	х	120	Area allows for automated dispensing
Bay - Handwashing	BHWS-B-SJ	2	x	1	2	x	1	4	x	1	With ease of access to all preparation areas
Bay - Pneumatic Tube		1	х	2	1	х	2	1	х	4	Optional; depends on operational policy
Bay - Emergency Shower	BES-SJ	1	х	2	1	х	2	1	х	2	Emergency use with eyewash
Cleaner's Room	CLRM-5-SJ	1	х	5	1	х	5	1	х	5	
Clean-Up Room	CLUP-P-SJ Similar	1	x	6	1	x	8	1	x	10	Locate near manufacturing areas
Cool Room	CORM-SJ Similar	1	x	6*	1	x	10	1	x	25	* Or refrigeration area
Dispatch/ Collection		1	х	10	1	х	15	1	х	20	Imprest trolleys
Dispensing - Clinical Trials								1	Х	12	Optional
Goods Receipt - Pharmacy	GRE-SJ Similar	1	x	10	1	x	15	1	х	25	Direct and/or from remote Bulk Store
Preparation Room - Manufacturing Non-sterile	PREP-SJ	1	x	12	1	x	18	1	х	36	Based on 3m2 per person. Preparation of extemporaneous compounds.
Store - Accountable Drugs	STDR-5-SJ Similar	1	x	5	1	x	5	1	x	10	May be wall mounted or walk-in safe. Near Assembly & Office for observation.
Store - Archives (Registers/ Prescriptions)	STFS-10-SJ Similar	1	x	10	1	x	10	1	x	15	
Store - Assembly / Dispensing	STBK-20-SJ Similar	1	x	25	1	x	75	1	x	100	Locate near Assembly/ Dispensing
Store - Bulk	STBK-20-SJ Similar	1	x	25	1	x	50	1	x	100	May include pallets.
Store - Dispensing Supplies	STGN-12-SJ Simlar	1	x	6	1	x	10	1	x	25	Labels etc.
Store - IV Fluids	STBK-20-SJ Similar							1	x	50	May be part of Bulk Store.
Store - Inflammable Chemicals & Reagents	STFL-SJ Similar	1	x	12	1	x	12	1	x	12	
Staff Areas											
Change - Staff (Male/Female)	CHST-12-SJ Similar	2	x	10	2	x	12	2	x	20	Toilet, Shower and Lockers
Meeting Room	MEET-L-15-SJ Similar	5	share	d	1	x	15	1	x	20	Meeting, Tutorials
Office - Director	OFF-S9-SJ	1	x	12	1	x	12	1	x	12	Near entry for observation & visitor access.
Office - Drug Information	OFF-S9-SJ	1	х	9	1	х	9	1	х	18	Optional; will require internet access
Office - Workstation (Pharmacists)	OFF-WS-SJ	2	x	5.5	4	x	5.5	8	x	5.5	As per Staff Establishment. Shared or open plan.
Property Bay - Staff	PROP-3-SJ Similar				2	x	3	2	x	6	Additional lockers and area for coats
Staff Room	SRM-25-SJ Similar	1	x	15	1	x	20	1	x	30	
Store - Photocopy/ Stationery	STPS-8-SJ				1	x	8	1	х	8	
Sterile Manufacturing (Op	otional)							2 Cle	an F	Rooms	·
otomic manaractaring (Op								- 2-010	arri	tooms	



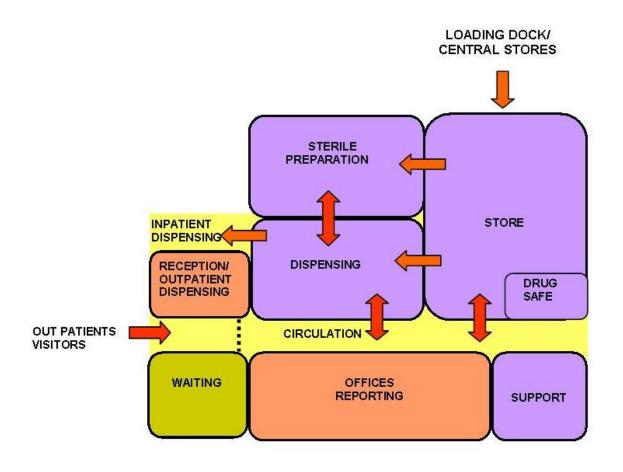
ROOM/ SPACE	Standard Component	Level 3 Qty x m ²		Level 4 Qty x m ²				evel Ity x		Remarks
Dispatch Counter							1	Х	15	With pass through hatches
Assembly/ Preparation	ASPR-20-SJ						1	Х	40	
Bay - Emergency Shower	BES-SJ						1	Х	1	with eye wash station
Clean-Up Room	CLUP-7-SJ Similar						1	x	10	
Change - Staff (Male/Female)	CHPT-12-SJ Similar						2	x	12	For sterile suite
Anteroom	ANRM-SJ						2	Х	12	1 per Clean Room
Airlock	AIRL-6-SJ						2	Х	6	1 per Clean Room
Clean Room (Aseptic)							1	x	20	With interlocking pass through hatch to Prep area
Clean Room (Cytotoxic)							1	x	15	With interlocking pass through hatch to Prep area
Preparation Area	PREP-SJ						1	x	30	Central to Clean Rooms, interlocking pass through hatches to Clean Room
Store - Sterile Stock	STSS-12-SJ Similar						1	x	15	ready access to Clean Rooms
Store - General	STGN-12-SJ						1	Х	12	
Net Department Total			263.0			447.0		·	1065.0	
Circulation %			25			25			25	
Grand Total			328.8	558.8			1331.3			

Notes:

- Areas noted in Schedules of Accommodation take precedence over all other areas noted in the FPU
- · Rooms indicated in the schedule reflect the typical arrangement according to the Role Delineation
- Exact requirements for room quantities and sizes will reflect Key Planning Units identified in the Service Plan and the Operational Policies of the Unit
- Room sizes indicated should be viewed as a minimum requirement; variations are acceptable to reflect the needs of individual Unit
- Office areas are to be provided according to the Unit role delineation and staffing establishment; Executives and Managers may be responsible for more than one area but should have only one office assigned within the campus
- Staff and support rooms may be shared between Functional Planning Units dependent on location and accessibility to each unit and may provide scope to reduce duplication of facilities.



39.6 Functional Relationship Diagram



39.7 Further Reading

- Australasian Health Infrastructure Alliance (Aus.). 'Australasian Health Facility Guidelines'. Retrieved from website: <u>www.healthfacilityguidelines.com.au</u> 2014
- Australasian Health Facility Guidelines (Aus.). 'Part B Health Facility Briefing and Planning 560 Pharmacy Unit Revision 4' 2010. Retrieved from website: <u>http://www.healthdesign.com.</u> <u>au/ahfg/Full_Index/aushfg_b_560pharmacy_unit_4_843-859.pdf</u> 2014
- Department of Health (DH) (UK). 'Medicines Management Health Building Note 14–01 Pharmacy and Radiopharmacy Facilities' 2013. Retrieved from website: <u>https://www.gov.</u> uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/147883/HBN_14-01_Final.pdf 2014
- Dubai Health Authority (UAE). 'Healthcare Facilities Guidelines Planning Design Construction and Commissioning' 2009. Retrieved from website: <u>http://www.dha.gov.</u> <u>ae/EN/SectorsDirectorates/Directorates/HealthRegulation/Documents/Health%20Facility%20Gui</u> <u>delines.pdf</u> 2014
- Refer also to DHA website for local licensing requirements <u>www. dha. gov. ae</u> and MOH website <u>www. moh. gov. ae</u> for local approval procedures
- The Facility Guidelines Institute (US). '*Guidelines for Design and Construction of Health Care Facilities*' 2010 Edition. Retrieved from website: <u>www. fgiguidelines. org</u> 2014.